

## *Assignment 2 Marking Scheme*

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### *Implementation/Code (65%):*

#### *Implement Binary Tree Class with Specified Functionality (40%)*

- a constructor that returns a reference to a new, empty Binary Search Tree    5%
- an instance function **insert(x)** that adds integer x to the tree (duplicates allowed)    10%
- an instance function **search(x)** that returns a reference to a vertex in the tree that contains x, or a null (nil, none) reference if x is not in the tree    5%
- an instance function **remove(x)** that removes integer x from the tree. If the tree contains multiple instances of x, only one instance of x is removed. If the tree contains no instances of x, the tree is unchanged    10%
- an instance function **height()** that returns the number of levels in the tree    10%

### *Experiment (15%):*

Correctly implement the experiment as per the assignment.

### *Programming Style (10%):*

Code should be well organized and documented.

### *Report (35 marks):*

#### *Presentation of Results (15%):*

Present results in a table or graph showing the k value, the t value, and the percentage of tall trees for each of the specified values of n

*Research Questions (20%):*

1. As  $n$  increases, does the average height appear to grow at a logarithmic rate, a linear rate, or something else? 10%
2. Does the percentage of trees with height  $\geq \frac{n}{2}$  grow, shrink, or remain fairly constant as  $n$  increases? 10%